# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE PIKE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011



### ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

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## ADAM H. EDELEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Lori H. Flanery, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Wayne T. Rutherford, Pike County Judge/Executive
Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Peercy and Gray, PSC, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pike County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Peercy and Gray, PSC, to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Peercy and Gray, PSC, evaluated the Pike County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Adam H. Edelen

**Auditor of Public Accounts** 

**Enclosure** 



#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE PIKE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2011

Peercy and Gray, PSC has completed the audit of the Pike County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We have issued an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. We have issued a qualified opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units. We qualified our opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units because the Pike County Golf Management Corporation, a legally separated component unit, used an accrual basis of accounting for presentation of their financial statements. The Pike County Fiscal Court used a modified cash basis of accounting for presentation of their financial statements. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applicable to the modified cash basis of accounting; require component units to be reported under the same basis of accounting as the primary government. In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we have issued an unqualified opinion on the compliance requirements that are applicable to Pike County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

#### **Financial Condition:**

The county had total net assets of \$66,029,831 as of June 30, 2011. The county had unrestricted net assets of \$3,311,175 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2011, with total net assets of \$64,765,143. In its business-type activities, the county had unrestricted net assets of \$391,004, with total net assets of \$1,264,688. Total debt principal as of June 30, 2011, was \$44,136,750 with \$2,447,988 due within the next year.

#### **Deposits:**

The fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

#### **Report Comments:**

2011-01 Projects Greater Than \$20,000 Not Advertised For Bids As Required Per KRS 424.260

2011-02 Work Hours Charged To Federal Grants Should Match Timesheets

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#### PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

#### **Certified Public Accountants**

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
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#### Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pike County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Pike County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Pike County Golf Management Corporation, which represent 37% and 50%, respectively, of the assets and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Pike County Golf Management Corporation, is based on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Pike County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The financial statements of the Pike County Golf Management Corporation, a discretely presented component unit of Pike County Fiscal Court are presented in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and therefore include certain accruals required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United Stated of America that are not presented in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. The amounts by which these accruals affect the financial statement are not reasonably determinable.

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In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, except for the effects of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the Pike County Golf Management Corporation's financial statements been presented on a modified cash basis of accounting, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the aggregate discretely presented component units of Pike County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2011 and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In addition, in our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Pike County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

The county has not presented the management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pike County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information, combining fund financial statements and component unit fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining fund financial statements, component unit fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have issued our report dated November 28, 2011, on our consideration of Pike County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

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Based upon the results of our audit, we present the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs, included herein, which discuss the following report comments:

2011-01 Projects Greater Than \$20,000 Not Advertised For Bids As Required Per KRS 424.260

2011-02 Work Hours Charged To Federal Grants Should Match Timesheets

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

Peerry and Gray, PSC

November 28, 2011

#### PIKE COUNTY OFFICIALS

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Wayne T. Rutherford County Judge/Executive

Jeff Anderson Magistrate

Vernon Johnson Magistrate

Leo Murphy Magistrate

Kenneth Robinson Magistrate

Lloyd Hillman Dotson Magistrate

Christian Harris Magistrate

#### **Other Elected Officials:**

Howard Keith Hall County Attorney

Rodney Scott Jailer

Lillian P. Elliott County Clerk

David Deskins Circuit Court Clerk

Charles "Fuzzy" Keesee Sheriff

Lonnie Osborne Property Valuation Administrator

Russell Roberts Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Johnda B. Billiter County Treasurer
Rhonda James Finance Officer

## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2011

	Pr	imary Governm	Component Units				
		-		Pike County	Pike County Golf		
	Governmental	Governmental Business-Type			Mngt. Corp.		
	Activities	Activities	Totals	Board	12/31/10		
ASSETS							
Current Assets:							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$21,823,345	\$ 3,173,837	\$24,997,182	\$ 11,141	\$ 96,938		
Receivable Due from Airport Board	118,055		118,055				
Receivable Due from 911 Board	51,809		51,809				
Receivable Due from Golf Management	588,194		588,194				
Inventory					3,296		
Prepaid Expenses					15,343		
Total Current Assets	22,581,403	3,173,837	25,755,240	11,141	115,577		
Noncurrent Assets:							
Land	769,068		769,068				
Construction in Progress	11,826,358		11,826,358				
Capital Assets - Net of Accum. Depr.							
Land Improvements	1,734,052		1,734,052				
Buildings	13,039,882	63,468	13,103,350				
Vehicles and Equipment	3,926,152	2,465,417	6,391,569	418,126	147,476		
Infrastructure Assets	50,586,944		50,586,944				
Total Noncurrent Assets	81,882,456	2,528,885	83,642,273	418,126	147,476		
Total Assets	104,463,859	5,702,722	109,397,513	429,267	263,053		
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities:							
Accounts Payable					53,229		
Bonds Payable	1,600,000	520,100	2,120,100				
Financing Obligations Payable	327,888		327,888				
Total Current Liabilities	1,927,888	520,100	2,447,988		53,229		
Noncurrent Liabilities:							
Bonds Payable	36,200,000		36,200,000				
Financing Obligations Payable	1,570,828	3,917,934	5,488,762				
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	37,770,828	3,917,934	41,688,762	-			
Total Liabilities	39,698,716	4,438,034	44,136,750		53,229		
NET ASSETS							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	61,453,928	(1,909,149)	59,544,779	418,126	147,476		
Restricted For:							
Debt Service	40		40				
Landfill Closure and Postclosure		2,782,833	2,782,833				
Unrestricted	3,311,175	391,004	3,702,179	11,141	62,348		
Total Net Assets	\$ 64,765,143	\$ 1,264,688	\$ 66,029,831	\$ 429,267	\$ 209,824		



## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

### PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Program Revenues Received						
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
General Government	\$	9,951,955	\$	34,148	\$	846,956	\$	340,896	
Protection to Persons and Property		5,253,256		251,432		2,943,721			
General Health and Sanitation		585,113		15,977					
Social Services		1,131,059							
Recreation and Culture		1,244,266				2,634,596			
Roads		6,152,427				15,895,112		7,757,845	
Other Transportation Facilities and Services		1,307,687							
Interest on Long-term Debt		982,550							
Capital Projects		1,227,341							
Total Governmental Activities		27,835,654		301,557		22,320,385		8,098,741	
Business-type Activities:									
Solid Waste Operations		8,037,813		5,228,354		607,477			
Jain Canteen		99,091		127,478					
Total Business-type Activities		8,136,904		5,355,832		607,477			
Total Primary Government	\$	35,972,558	\$	5,657,389	\$	22,927,862	\$	8,098,741	
Component Units:									
Pike County Inter-Local 911 Board	\$	558,236	\$	468,979	\$		\$		
Pike County Golf Management Board		542,985		241,666		243,145	·		
Total Component Units	\$	1,101,221	\$	710,645	\$	243,145	\$	0	

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
Excess Fees
Interest Received
Transfers
Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

				anges in Net Asse	ets			
		Primary Governn	nent	_	Component Units			
	vernmental	Business-Type		Interlocal 911				County Golf ngt. Corp.
F	Activities	Activities		Totals		Board		2/31/10
\$	(8,729,955) (2,058,103) (569,136) (1,131,059) 1,390,330 17,500,530 (1,307,687) (982,550) (1,227,341)	\$	\$	(8,729,955) (2,058,103) (569,136) (1,131,059) 1,390,330 17,500,530 (1,307,687) (982,550) (1,227,341)	\$		\$	
	2,885,029			2,885,029				
		(2,201,982) 28,387 (2,173,595)		(2,201,982) 28,387 (2,173,595)				
	2,885,029	(2,173,595)		711,434				
						(89,257)		(58,174)
						(89,257)		(58,174)
	2,102,407 915,767 617,509 1,314,898 622,052 585,778 (477,155) 1,289,502	21,899 477,155 ———————————————————————————————————		2,102,407 915,767 617,509 1,314,898 622,052 607,677 1,289,502		187		29
	9,855,787	(1,674,541)		8,181,246		(89,070)		(58,145)
\$	54,909,356 64,765,143	2,939,229 \$ 1,264,688	\$	57,848,585 66,029,831	\$	518,337 429,267	\$	267,969 209,824



## PIKE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2011

					_	Local overnment Economic
	(	General	Road	Jail	A	ssistance
		Fund	 Fund	 Fund		Fund
ASSETS						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	403,056	\$ 96,335	\$ 261,256	\$	1,381,975
Receivable Due From 911 Board		51,809				
Receivable Due From Golf Management						588,194
Receivable Due From Airport Bd.						118,055
Total Assets	\$	454,865	\$ 96,335	\$ 261,256	\$	2,088,224
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		51,809				706,249
Restricted:						
Capital Projects						
Debt Service Fund						
Committed:						685,000
Assigned:						
Protection to Persons and Property				261,256		
Recreation and Culture						
Roads			96,335			696,975
Other Transportation Facilities		26,717				
Unassigned		376,339				
S						
Total Fund Balances	\$	454,865	\$ 96,335	\$ 261,256	\$	2,088,224

#### PIKE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Fund		General Obligation Bond Fund			Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	19,270,188	\$	40	\$	410,495	\$	21,823,345 51,809	
							588,194 118,055	
\$	19,270,188	\$	40	\$	410,495	\$	22,581,403	
	19,270,188		40				758,058 19,270,188 40 685,000	
				_	13,265 397,230		274,521 397,230 793,310 26,717 376,339	
\$	19,270,188	\$	40	\$	410,495	\$	22,581,403	

#### Reconciliation of Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets:

Total Fund Balances	\$ 22,581,403
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	181,377,291
Accumulated Depreciation	(99,494,835)
Long-term and short-term debt is not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	
Financing Obligations	(1,898,716)
Bonded Debt	 (37,800,000)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 64,765,143



## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	•	General Fund	Road Fund		Jail Fund	]	Local overnment Economic assistance Fund
	-	1 4114	 				
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	4,608,792	\$	\$		\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments		88,113	661				
Excess Fees		622,052					
Licenses and Permits		242,787					
Intergovernmental		1,187,852	10,986,561		2,943,721		12,666,396
Charges for Services		34,148			251,432		15,977
Miscellaneous		189,588	811,272		14,959		123,952
Interest		3,613	31				
Total Revenues		6,976,945	 11,798,525		3,210,112		12,806,325
EXPENDITURES							
General Government		3,633,083					441,410
Protection to Persons and Property		418,811			3,554,314		945,488
General Health and Sanitation		268,857					294,632
Social Services		135,614					995,445
Recreation and Culture							1,040,286
Roads		109,264	12,462,166				30,050
Other Transportation Facilities		1,279,470					28,217
Debt Service			2,447,895				361,157
Capital Projects		79,048	1,318,332		9,056		1,547,337
Administration		2,115,415	1,528,207		1,004,239		456,682
Total Expenditures		8,039,562	17,756,600		4,567,609		6,140,704
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,062,617)	 (5,958,075)	(	(1,357,497)		6,665,621
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from Short-term Note			1,750,000				
Proceeds from Financing Obligations			677,388				
Proceeds from Bonds							
Payment of Bond Anticipation Note							
Transfers From Other Funds		1,544,109	2,934,021		1,547,136		29
Transfers To Other Funds		(362,979)	(747,988)		(9,041)		(5,950,315)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,181,130	4,613,421		1,538,095		(5,950,286)
Net Change in Fund Balances		118,513	(1,344,654)		180,598		715,335
Fund Balances - Beginning		336,352	1,440,989		80,658		1,372,889
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	454,865	\$ 96,335	\$	261,256	\$	2,088,224

#### PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund	General Obligation Bond Fund	Judicial Center Bond Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,229	\$ 4,619,021
				88,774
				622,052
				242,787
2,395,107	239,489			30,419,126
				301,557
			149,730	1,289,501
581,446	38	242	408	585,778
2,976,553	239,527	242	160,367	38,168,596
				4,074,493
			5,719	4,924,332
			2,1.25	563,489
				1,131,059
				1,040,286
				12,601,480
				1,307,687
2,149,879	807,362	22,360		5,788,653
7,006,726	,	83,803	225,227	10,269,529
432,851		41	ŕ	5,537,435
9,589,456	807,362	106,204	230,946	47,238,443
(6,612,903)	(567,835)	(105,962)	(70,579)	(9,069,847)
				1,750,000
				677,388
30,925,000				30,925,000
		(6,500,000)		(6,500,000)
	567,873	5,041,909		11,635,077
(5,041,909)				(12,112,232)
25,883,091	567,873	(1,458,091)	-	26,375,233
10 270 100	20	(1.564.052)	(70.570)	17 205 296
19,270,188	38	(1,564,053)	(70,579)	17,305,386
\$ 10.270.199	\$ 40	1,564,053	481,074 \$ 410,405	\$ 22,581,403
\$ 19,270,188	\$ 40	\$ 0	\$ 410,495	\$ 22,581,403



# PIKE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### PIKE COUNTY

#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 17,305,386
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their	
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	18,354,283
Depreciation Expense	(3,658,331)
Capital Asset Disposal, Net Book Value	(99,266)
The issuance of debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current	
financial resources to governmental funds, while	
debt principal payments are expensed in the Governmental Funds	
as a use of current financial resources. These transactions, however, have	
no affect on net assets.	
Proceeds from Short-term Note	(1,750,000)
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(677,388)
Bond Proceeds	(30,925,000)
Payment on Bond Anticipation Note	6,500,000
Payment of Short-term Note	1,750,000
Financing Obligations Principal Payments	986,103
Bond Principal Payments	 2,070,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 9,855,787



## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2011

### PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2011

#### **Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund** Solid Jail Waste Canteen **Fund Fund Totals** Assets Current Assets: Cash and Cash Equivalents 87,987 3,085,850 3,173,837 **Total Current Assets** 3,085,850 87,987 3,173,837 Noncurrent Assets: Capital Assets: Buildings 69,660 69,660 Vehicles and Equipment 5,607,131 14,995 5,622,126 Less Accumulated depreciation (3,160,502)(2,399)(3,162,901)**Total Noncurrent Assets** 2,516,289 12,596 2,528,885 **Total Assets** 5,602,139 100,583 5,702,722 Liabilities **Current Liabilities** Financing Obligations Payable 520,100 520,100 **Total Current Liabilities** 520,100 520,100 Noncurrent Liabilities Financing Obligations Payable 3,917,934 3,917,934 **Total Noncurrent Liabilities** 3,917,934 3,917,934 **Total Liabilities** 4,438,034 4,438,034 **Net Assets** Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt (1,921,745)12,596 (1,909,149)Restricted for Landfill Closure and Postclosure 2,782,833 2,782,833

303,017

1,164,105

87,987

100,583

391,004

1,264,688

Unrestricted

Total Net Assets



# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

# PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

## Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds

	Enter prise runds					
	Solid Waste Fund	Jail Canteen Fund	Totals			
<b>Operating Revenues</b>						
Operating Grants	\$ 607,477	\$	\$ 607,477			
Garbage Collection	3,289,352		3,289,352			
Landfill User Fees	1,835,549		1,835,549			
Recycling	30,341		30,341			
Miscellaneous	331,186		331,186			
Canteen Receipts		127,478	127,478			
Total Operating Revenues	6,093,905	127,478	6,221,383			
Operating Expenses						
Office Materials & Supplies	99,397		99,397			
Office Expense	64,192		64,192			
Maintenance Expense	3,269,678		3,269,678			
Insurance	141,262		141,262			
Grant Expenditures	182,848		182,848			
Uniforms	6,418		6,418			
Payroll Expense	2,261,582		2,261,582			
Fringe Benefits	1,684,099		1,684,099			
Cost of Sales		3,649	3,649			
Educational and Recreational		93,043	93,043			
Depreciation	255,728	2,399	258,127			
Total Operating Expenses	7,965,204	99,091	8,064,295			
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,871,299)	28,387	(1,842,912)			
Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest Income	21,899		21,899			
Loss on Sale of Assets	(258,074)		(258,074)			
Lease Payments (Interest Expense)	(72,609)		(72,609)			
Total Non-operating Revenues	(308,784)		(308,784)			
(Expenses)						
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(2,180,083)	28,387	(2,151,696)			
Transfers From Other Funds	1,273,306		1,273,306			
Transfers To Other Funds	(796,151)		(796,151)			
Change In Net Assets	(1,702,928)	28,387	(1,674,541)			
Total Net Assets - Beginning	2,867,033	72,196	2,939,229			
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 1,164,105	\$ 100,583	\$ 1,264,688			



## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

Business-Type Activities	
Enterprise Funds	

	Enterprise Funds					
	S	Solid Waste		l Canteen		
		Fund		Fund		Totals
Cash Flows From Operating Activities						
Receipts From Customers	\$	5,155,242	\$	127,478	\$	5,282,720
Miscellaneous		331,186		Ź		331,186
Grant Receipts		607,477				607,477
Payments to Vendors		(3,763,795)				(3,763,795)
Payments to Employees		(2,261,582)				(2,261,582)
Payments of Benefits on Behalf of Employees		(1,684,099)		(2.640)		(1,684,099)
Cost of Sales				(3,649)		(3,649)
Educational & Recreational				(93,043)		(93,043)
Net Cash Provided By						
Operating Activities		(1,615,571)		30,786		(1,584,785)
Cash Flows From Noncapital						
Financing Activities						
Transfers To Other Funds		(796,151)				(796,151)
Transfers From Other Funds		1,273,306				1,273,306
		1,273,300		-		1,273,300
Net Cash Used By		477 155				477 155
Noncapital Financing Activities		477,155				477,155
Cash Flows From Capital and						
Related Financing Activities						
Purchase of Assets		(45,194)		(14,995)		(60,189)
Principal Paid on Capital Debt		(518,162)		(1.,,,,,,,,		(518,162)
Interest Paid on Capital Debt		(72,609)				(72,609)
Net Cash Used By		(72,007)			-	(72,007)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Capital and Related Financing		(625.065)		(14.005)		(650,060)
Activities		(635,965)		(14,995)		(650,960)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities						
Interest Earned		21,899				21,899
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash						
Equivalents		(1,752,482)		15,791		(1,736,691)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2010		4,838,332		72,196		4,910,528
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2011	\$	3,085,850	\$	87,987	\$	3,173,837
•						
Summary of Non-Cash Transactions						
Purchase of Short-term Assets	\$	(243,319)			\$	(243,319)
Issuance of Capital Debt for Purchase of Assets	Ψ	243,319			Ψ	243,319
issuance of capital Best for Latenase of Assets		243,317				243,317
Total Purchase of Assets	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Total Farenase of Fissets			Ψ		Ψ_	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to						
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating						
Activities						
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,871,299)	\$	28,387	\$	(1,842,912)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating		( ) , , ,		,		, , ,
Income To Net Cash Provided (Used)						
By Operating Activities						
Depreciating Activities  Depreciation Expense		255,728		2,399		258,127
		233,126		4,377		230,121
Total Cash Provided By Operating Activities	Φ	(1 615 571)	ф	20.796	ø	(1 50/ 705)
ACTIVITIES	\$	(1,615,571)	\$	30,786	\$	(1,584,785)



## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## June 30, 2011

	Age	ncy Fund	
	Inmate Account		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	61,217	
Total Assets		61,217	
Liabilities			
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		61,217	
Total Liabilities		61,217	
Net Assets			
Total Net Assets	\$	0	

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# PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2011

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, are not reflected in the financial statements.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets are included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

## **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Pike County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Auditing Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes an organization that is legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

The following legally separate organization provides its services exclusively to the primary government and the fiscal court is able to impose its will on this organization. This organization's balances and transactions are reported as though they are part of the county's primary government using the blending method.

#### Pike County Public Properties Corporation

The fiscal court appoints a voting majority of the Public Properties Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Properties Corporation.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **B.** Reporting Entity (Continued)

## **Discretely Presented Component Units**

The component units' column in the government wide financial statements includes the data of the following organizations. It is reported on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities in separate columns that are labeled as "Component Unit" to emphasize these organizations' separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

## Pike County Interlocal 911 Board

The Pike County Interlocal 911 Board (the Board) is a legally separate entity established to provide emergency response services to Pike County. The Board's members are appointed independently of the Pike County Fiscal Court, and the Board's governing body is substantially different from that of the Fiscal Court. However, the Fiscal Court is financially accountable for the Board because the Fiscal Court must approve rate changes established by the Board and therefore does not have a separate audited financial report. This financial accountability requires management to include the Board as a component unit. The Board is not included in any other organization's reporting entity and does not provide services exclusively to the Fiscal Court; therefore, the financial activity of the Board is presented discretely.

The fiscal court appropriated \$479,922 to the Board for operating expenses in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The Board reimbursed the fiscal court \$428,113. As of June 30, 2011, the balance of owed to the fiscal court is \$51,809.

#### Pike County Golf Management Corporation

The Pike County Golf Management Corporation (the Corporation) is a legally separate entity established to provide recreational services to Pike County. The Pike County Fiscal Court appoints the Corporation's board members, and the Corporation's governing body is substantially different from that of the Fiscal Court. The Corporation is not included in any other organization's reporting entity and does not provide services exclusively to the Fiscal Court; therefore, the financial activity of the Board is presented discretely.

The fiscal court appropriated \$229,463 to the Corporation for operating expenses in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. The Corporation reimbursed the fiscal court \$18,783. Fiscal Court forgave the receivable amount of \$205,834. As of June 30, 2011 the balance owed to the fiscal court was \$588,194.

Audited financial statements of the Pike County Golf Management Corporation can be obtained by writing the Board at 26 Hurts Branch, Pikeville, Kentucky 41501.

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Pike County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Pike County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities; however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Pike County, Kentucky.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- · County Sheriff

#### D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The primary government reports the governmental activities, business-type activities, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when received and expenses are recognized when paid, except for the recognition of depreciation expense on the statement of activities and the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets - proprietary funds.

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt — consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets: 2) restricted net assets — resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation: and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major funds. Major funds are those funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary funds) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

#### Governmental Funds

The governmental funds are accounted for on the modified cash basis and focus on the flow of current financial resources. Revenues are recognized when received and expenditures are recognized when paid.

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or when management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue are reimbursements from the state and federal government and transfers from other funds. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for funds earmarked for economic development. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are from the state. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the construction and debt service requirements for the Judicial Center. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

General Obligation Bond Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for debt service requirements of general obligation bonds of the Fiscal Court. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

Judicial Center Bond Fund - The purpose of this fund is to temporarily account for the construction and debt service requirements for the Judicial Center. The Department for Local Government does not require the Fiscal Court to report or budget these funds.

The government also has the following non-major funds: Forestry Fund and Local Government Economic Development Fund.

## **Special Revenue Funds:**

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Forestry Fund, and the Local Government Economic Development Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

#### Debt Service Fund

The General Obligation Bond Fund, the Public Properties Corporation Bond Fund and the Judicial Center Bond Fund are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

## **Proprietary Funds**

The proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's proprietary funds are garbage collection fees and landfill user fees in the Solid Waste Fund and charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements of Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989 unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Solid Waste Fund - The Solid Waste Fund operations are authorized by the Fiscal Court. The Solid Waste Fund allows for the collection and disposal of garbage from residents of Pike County. Also included in this fund is the operation of a county landfill. The Fords Branch Landfill Closing fund is included in the operations of the Solid Waste Fund. The Fords Branch Landfill Closing fund collects funds during the active life of the landfill to cover final closure costs and post-closure maintenance and monitoring costs 30 years after final closure.

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **D.** Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135 (1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135 (2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

#### Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county's agency fund is used to account for monies held by the county in the Jail Inmate Fund for custodial purposes only. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus.

The primary government reports the following fiduciary fund:

Jail Inmate Account - This fund accounts for funds received from inmates after incarceration.

#### Presentation of Component Units

The financial statements present the following major discretely presented component units: Pike County Interlocal 911 Board and Pike County Golf Management Corporation.

These component units are presented in a separate column on the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities that is labeled as "Component Units" to emphasize these organizations' separateness from the fiscal court's primary government.

#### E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificate of deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings and building improvements, vehicles and equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	italization	Useful Life		
	T	nreshold	(Years)		
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60		
<b>Buildings and Building Improvements</b>		25,000	10-75		
Machinery and Equipment		2,500	3-25		
Vehicles		2,500	5- 7		
Infrastructure		20,000	2-40		

#### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance cost when received or when paid, during the current period.

The principal amount of the debt and interest is reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds received are reported as other financing sources.

#### **H.** Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into nonspendable and spendable components, if applicable. Nonspendable includes amounts that must be maintained intact legally or contractually.

Spendable amounts include the following:

Restricted-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### H. Fund Equity (Continued)

Committed-amounts constrained for a specific purpose by the County using its highest level of decision-making authority. For resources considered committed, the County issues an ordinance that can only be changed with another corresponding ordinance

Assigned-for all governmental funds, other than general fund, any remaining positive amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed. For the general fund, amounts constrained, by intent, to be used for a specific purpose by the County official given authority to assign amounts. For the resources considered assigned, the County has designated the Judge Executive to carry out the intent of the Fiscal Court.

Unassigned-for the general fund, amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. For all other governmental funds, the amount expended in excess of resources that are nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned.

It is the policy of the County to spend restricted funds first when both restricted and unrestricted are available. Once restricted funds are spent then committed, assigned and unassigned funds are spent in that order.

Encumbrances, although not reported on the balance sheet, are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period, Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Due to the modified cash basis of accounting, encumbrances can also include invoices for goods or services received at June 30, but not yet paid and not included as an accounts payable. Significant encumbrances at year end are reported by major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate and included with the commitments and contingencies note disclosure, if applicable.

#### I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### J. Related Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the following are considered related organizations of Pike County Fiscal Court: Mountain Water District, Pike County Housing Authority, and the Pike County Extension Board.

## K. Jointly Governed Organization

Pike County Fiscal Court, in conjunction with the City of Pikeville, has created the Pikeville-Pike County Airport Board (the Board). The Board is composed of six appointed members, three appointed from each of the two participating governments. The fiscal court appropriated \$108,396 to the Board for operating expenses. The Board did not reimburse the fiscal court in FYE 2011. As of June 30, 2011, the balance owed to the fiscal court was \$118,055.

#### Note 2. Deposits

The primary government and its discretely presented component units maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in accordance with KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the primary government or its discretely presented component unit and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the primary government's or its discretely presented component unit's deposits may not be returned to it. The primary government and its discretely presented component unit do not have deposit policies for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2011, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity							
	Restated							
	Beginning			Ending				
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance				
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land	\$ 769,068	\$	\$	\$ 769,068				
Construction in Progress	4,735,829	7,090,529		11,826,358				
Total Capital Assets Not Being								
Depreciated	5,504,897	7,090,529		12,595,426				
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Land Improvements	893,755	1,024,491		1,918,246				
Buildings	22,324,453	732,890		23,057,343				
Vehicles and Equipment	9,458,406	293,544	(470,994)	9,280,956				
Infrastructure	126,724,351	9,212,829	(1,411,860)	134,525,320				
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated	159,400,965	11,263,754	(1,882,854)	168,781,865				
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Land Improvements	(107,463)	(76,731)		(184,194)				
Buildings	(9,532,855)	(484,606)		(10,017,461)				
Vehicles and Equipment	(5,195,735)	(530,797)	371,728	(5,354,804)				
Infrastructure	(82,784,039)	(2,566,197)	1,411,860	(83,938,376)				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(97,620,092)	(3,658,331)	1,783,588	(99,494,835)				
Total Capital Assets, Being			, ,					
Depreciated, Net	61,780,873	7,605,423	(99,266)	69,287,030				
Governmental Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$ 67,285,770	\$ 14,695,952	\$ (99,266)	\$ 81,882,456				
Business-Type Activities:								
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings	\$ 69,660			69,660				
Vehicles and Equipment	6,711,499	60,189	(1,149,562)	5,622,126				
Total Capital Assets Being								
Depreciated	6,781,159	60,189	(1,149,562)	5,691,786				
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings	(4,644)	(1,548)		(6,192)				
Vehicles and Equipment	(3,791,618)	(256,579)	891,488	(3,156,709)				
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,796,262)	(258,127)	891,488	(3,162,901)				
Total Capital Assets, Being				<u> </u>				
Depreciated, Net	2,984,897	(197,938)	(258,074)	2,528,885				
Business-Type Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	\$ 2,984,897	\$ (197,938)	\$ (258,074)	\$ 2,528,885				

## **Note 3.** Capital Assets (Continued)

	Reporting Entity						
	В	Beginning					Ending
Pike County Interlocal 911 Board		Balance	In	creases	De	ecreases	 Balance
Component Unit Activities:							
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	1,110,080	\$	7,395	\$	(12,889)	\$ 1,104,586
Less Accumulated Depreciation For: Vehicles and Equipment		(613,640)		(83,131)		10,311	(686,460)
Component Unit Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	496,440	\$	(75,736)	\$	(2,578)	\$ 418,126
Pike County Golf Management Corporation	1						
Component Unit Activities:							
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:							
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	518,058	\$	702	\$		\$ 518,760
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Vehicles and Equipment		(339,931)		(31,353)			 (371,284)
Component Unit Activities Capital							
Assets, Net	\$	178,127	\$	(30,651)	\$	0	\$ 147,476

Beginning balances for Governmental Activities were restated due to \$200,000 in land purchased in the prior year was erroneously classified as Land Improvements instead of Land.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 340,027
Protection to Persons and Property	328,924
General Health and Sanitation	21,624
Recreation and Culture	203,980
Roads	2,763,776
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,658,331
Business-Type Activities	
Jail Commissary	\$ 2,399
Solid Waste Vehicles and Equipment	255,728
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 258,127
Component Unit Activities	
Pike County Interlocal 911 Board	\$ 83,131
Pike County Golf Management Corporation	31,353
Total Depreciation Expense - Component Unit Activities	\$ 114,484

#### **Note 4.** Short-term Debt

#### Governmental Activities

## A. First Mortgage Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2010

On April 30, 2010, Pike County Fiscal Court issued \$6,500,000 of First Mortgage Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes to pay off the First Mortgage Revenue Bond Anticipation Notes, Series 2008 and provide additional interim funds to pay costs associated with the new Judicial Center. The notes require semiannual interest payments due April 1 and October 1 with the first being due October 1, 2010. The note was paid in full in April 2011.

#### **B.** Short-term Note Series 2010

On December 22, 2010 Pike County Fiscal Court borrowed \$1,750,000 as a 6 month short-term loan for road repairs. The interest rate was 2.796%. This loan was paid in full in June 2011.

#### **Business-type Activities**

#### C. Dump Trucks #27

On August 5, 2010 Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a three year lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for two Mack trucks. The principal amount of the lease was \$243,319. The interest rate was 2.551%. The lease agreement was paid in full in June 2011.

## D. Changes in Short-term Liabilities

	Beginning						I	Ending
		Balance	Additions		R	eductions	E	Balance
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:								
Bond Anticipation Notes Short-term Note	\$	6,500,000	\$	1,750,000	\$	6,500,000 1,750,000	\$	
Governmental Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$	6,500,000	\$	1,750,000	\$	8,250,000	\$	0
Business-type Activities: Financing Obligations	\$		\$	243,319	\$	243,319	\$	
Business-type Activities Short-term Liabilities	\$	0	\$	243,319	\$	243,319	\$	0

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt

#### Governmental Activities

#### A. Courthouse #4

On June 17, 1991, Pike County entered into a lease agreement with Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for courthouse renovations. The principal amount of the lease was \$5,000,000. The agreement requires variable monthly payments for 25 years to be paid in full July 1, 2016. The principal balance of the agreement was \$1,653,872 as of June 30, 2011. The variable interest rate results in a payment schedule that may not compare to the prior year schedule. Lease payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest		_	Scheduled Principal		
2012 2013 2014 2015 2016	\$	65,459 52,776 39,366 25,138 10,077	\$	293,322 310,956 329,650 349,468 370,476		
Totals	\$	192,816	\$	1,653,872		

#### B. Courthouse Extra #5

On June 29, 1993, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for an additional courthouse renovation and furniture. The principal amount of the lease was \$600,000. The agreement requires variable monthly payments for 25 years to be paid in full March 1, 2018, with a variable interest rate. The variable interest rate results in a payment schedule that may not compare to the prior year schedule. The principal balance of the agreement was \$240,145 as of June 30, 2011. Lease payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest			Scheduled Principal		
2012	\$	9,708	\$	29,867		
2013	·	8,412	·	31,827		
2014		7,036		33,915		
2015		5,567		36,141		
2016		4,009		38,512		
2017-2018		2,926		69,883		
Totals	\$	37,658	\$	240,145		

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### C. Senior Citizens Vehicle #20

On January 5, 2007, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for a Senior Citizens vehicle. The principal amount of the lease was \$20,699. The agreement requires variable monthly payments for 5 years to be paid in full January 20, 2012. The principal balance of the agreement was \$4,699 as of June 30, 2011. Lease payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		eduled erest	Scheduled Principal	
2012	_\$	237	\$ 4,699	
Totals	\$	237	 4,699	

## D. Revenue Refunding, Series 2004

In September 2004, the Pike County Fiscal Court, issued \$4,320,000 in general obligation-refunding bonds to refinance the 1997 bond issue for the Hall of Justice. The bonds require semiannual interest payments due March 1 and September 1 and one principal payment each year due September 1. The bonds will mature September 1, 2018. As of June 30, 2011, the principal amount outstanding was \$2,695,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	~	Scheduled Interest		cheduled Principal
2012	\$	93,821	\$	325,000
2013 2014		82,503 70,078		345,000 365,000
2015 2016		56,664 41,950		385,000 410,000
2017-2019		58,730		865,000
Totals	\$	403,746	\$	2,695,000

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

#### E. Improvement Bonds, Series 2005

On March 24, 2006, the Pike County Fiscal Court, issued \$6,400,000 in general obligation improvement bonds for improvements to the Hall of Justice. The bonds require semiannual interest payments due March 1 and September 1 and one principal payment each year due March 1. The bonds will mature March 1, 2036. As of June 30, 2011, the principal amount outstanding was \$5,815,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		So	Scheduled		
June 30		Interest	F	Principal		
2012	\$	262,835	\$	135,000		
2013		256,760		140,000		
2014		250,460		145,000		
2015		243,935		150,000		
2016		237,185		160,000		
2017-2021		1,073,200		885,000		
2022-2026		856,750		1,090,000		
2027-2031		587,058		1,375,000		
2032-2036		244,335		1,735,000		
Totals	\$	4,012,518	\$	5,815,000		

#### F. Public Properties Corporation First Mortgage Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

On August 5, 2010, the Pike County Fiscal Court, issued \$30,925,000 in revenue bonds for the building of the new Judicial Center. The bonds require semiannual interest payments due March 1 and September 1 and one principal payment each year due March 1. The bonds will mature August 1, 2029. As of June 30, 2011, the principal amount outstanding was \$29,290,000. Bond payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest		-	Scheduled Principal		
2012	\$	1,009,063	\$	1,140,000		
2013		980,188		1,165,000		
2014		944,713		1,200,000		
2015		908,113		1,240,000		
2016		870,388		1,275,000		
2017-2021		3,073,619		7,010,000		
2022-2026		3,060,425		8,325,000		
2027-2030		650,697		7,935,000		
			•			
Totals	\$	11,497,206	\$	29,290,000		

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

## G. Dump Trucks #28

On August 23, 2010 Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a three year lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for three Mack trucks. The principal amount of the lease was \$338,694. The interest rate was 2.552%. The lease agreement was paid in full in June 2011.

#### H. Dump Trucks #29

On September 13, 2010 Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a three year lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for three Mack trucks. The principal amount of the lease was \$338,694. The interest rate was 2.799%. The lease agreement was paid in full in June 2011.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

#### I. John Deere Lease-Purchase

On May 20, 2010, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease-purchase agreement with John Deere Credit to purchase a John Deere Dozer. The principal amount of the lease-purchase agreement was \$260,124. The agreement requires monthly payments due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month with an interest rate of 3.95% to be paid in full June 20, 2015. As of June 30, 2011 the principal amount outstanding was \$208,033. Lease payments for the remaining years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest		~~~	heduled rincipal
2012	\$	7,317	\$	50,100
2013		5,302		52,115
2014		3,205		54,211
2015		1,025		51,607
		_		_
Totals	\$	16,849	\$	208,033

## Note 5. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

**Business-Type Activities** (Continued)

#### J. KACO-Landfill Phase V #26

On May 4, 2010, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program for acquisition and construction of the Landfill Phase V. The principal amount of the lease was \$4,700,000. The agreement requires monthly interest payments due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of each month with an interest rate of 3.699% with principal payments due on May 20 of each year. The lease will mature on May 20, 2020. As of June 30, 2011, the principal amount outstanding was \$4,230,000.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest		٥.	Scheduled Principal		
2012	\$	171,909	\$	470,000		
2013		152,537		470,000		
2014		133,272		470,000		
2015		113,939		470,000		
2016		94,800		470,000		
2017-2020		184,673		1,880,000		
Totals	\$	851,130	\$	4,230,000		

## K. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 8,945,000	\$	\$ 435,000	\$ 8,510,000	\$ 460,000
Revenue Bonds		30,925,000	1,635,000	29,290,000	1,140,000
Financing Obligations	2,207,431	677,388	986,103	1,898,716	327,888
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 11,152,431	\$ 31,602,388	\$ 3,056,103	\$ 39,698,716	\$ 1,927,888
Business-Type Activities: Financing Obligations	\$ 4,956,196	\$	\$ 518,162	\$ 4,438,034	\$ 520,100
Business-Type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 4,956,196	\$ 0	\$ 518,162	\$ 4,438,034	\$ 520,100

#### Note 6. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 16.93 percent.

The County's contribution for FY 2009 was \$1,224,012, FY 2010 was \$1,541,203 and FY 2011 was \$1,535,415.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

CERS also provides postretirement health care coverage.

For members participating prior to July 1, 2003, years of service and respective percentages of the maximum contribution are as follows:

		% Paid by Member
Years of Service	% Paid by Insurance Fund	Through Payroll Deduction
20 or more	100%	0%
15-19	75%	25%
10-14	50%	50%
4-9	25%	75%
Less than 4	0%	100%
15-19 10-14 4-9	75% 50% 25%	25% 50% 75%

As a result of House Bill 290 (2004 General Assembly), medical insurance benefits are calculated differently for members who began participation on or after July 1, 2003. Once members reach a minimum vesting period of ten years, non-hazardous employees whose participation began on or after July 1, 2003, earn ten dollars per month for insurance benefits at retirement for every year of earned service without regard to a maximum dollar amount.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System at 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, KY 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

#### Note 7. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, Pike County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

#### Note 8. Deferred Compensation

The Pike County Fiscal Court participates in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under DRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate.

These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing The Kentucky Public Employee's Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502)573-7925.

#### Note 9. Estimated Infrastructure Historical Cost

Historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 (year of GASB 34 implementation) is an estimate. For those assets, the primary government estimated the year infrastructure was built by determining when a major reconstruction had been done on infrastructure. This estimate was used to calculate the infrastructure historical cost by determining current year construction cost and deflating it back to the estimated year of construction or reconstruction.

Estimated infrastructure historical cost includes infrastructure placed in service from fiscal year 1984 through June 30, 2002. All infrastructure assets placed in service during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003 and thereafter are recorded at actual historical cost.

#### Note 10. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs

401 KAR 48:310 Section 2 and 3 requires the owner or operator of a landfill to have a detailed written estimate, in current dollars, the cost of hiring a third party to close the solid waste disposal site and to conduct each phase of closure care monitoring and maintenance in accordance with the closure plan. The Ford's Branch Landfill closure plan currently calls for six phases. As of June 30, 2011, 97% of phase four of the landfill capacity had been used. The Fiscal Court has constructed Phase V of the landfill but as of June 30, 2011, the new phase has not opened.

#### Note 10. Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Costs (Continued)

Pike County must comply with established state and federal closure procedures and must perform maintenance and monitoring procedures at the site for 30 years after closure. Estimated closure costs total \$3,267,652, and estimated post closure care costs total \$50,705 per year for 30 years. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. Since the financial statements are prepared on a modified cash basis of accounting, no liability has been recognized for closure or post closure costs.

The fiscal court is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post-closure care. At June 30, 2011, the Ford's Branch Landfill Closing Fund had a cash balance of \$2,763,397. The fiscal court did not make a deposit into the account reserved for the landfill closing as the estimated escrow needed was \$2,686,672.

The Ford's Branch Landfill is scheduled to close in the year 2011. It is anticipated that sufficient funds will be available in the Ford's Branch Landfill Closing Account to pay estimated closure and post-closure costs.

#### Note 11. Interfund Transfers In/Out

				Local	Public		
				Government	Properties		
				Economic	Corporation	Solid	
	General	Road	Jail	Assistance	Bond	Waste	Total
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Transfers In
General Fund	\$	\$ 747,988	\$	\$	\$	\$ 796,121	\$ 1,544,109
Road Fund	109,979			2,824,042			2,934,021
Jail Fund	253,000			1,294,136			1,547,136
Local Government							
Economic							
Assistance Fund						29	29
General Obligation							
Bond Fund			9,041	558,832			567,873
Judicial Center							
Bond Fund					5,041,909		5,041,909
Solid Waste Fund				1,273,305		1	1,273,306
Total							
Transfers Out	\$ 362,979	\$ 747,988	\$9,041	\$5,950,315	\$5,041,909	\$ 796,151	\$ 12,908,383

## Reasons for Transfers:

- 1. To move resources from the General Fund, for budgetary purposes, to the fund that will expend them.
- 2. To returned unused resources, for budgetary purposes, to the General Fund.

## **Note 12.** Related Party Transactions

The County entered into the following related party transactions, which were approved by the fiscal court.

The County expended \$100,847 with East Kentucky Chemicals for cleaning supplies. The Treasurer's spouse is employed by East Kentucky Chemicals.

The County expended \$2,875 with Venter's Gulf Service for towing services. County Magistrate Kenneth Robinson's son owns Venter's Gulf Service.

#### Note 13. Property Taxes

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to sale ninety days following April 15.

#### **Note 14.** Change in Accounting Principles

The Pike County Fiscal Court implemented a new accounting standard, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions which has altered the classifications of fund balance on the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds. The implementation also resulted in one fund previously presented as a special revenue fund that no longer meets the definition to be rolled into the General Fund.

As a result, beginning Fund Balance for the General Fund has been increased for the addition of the previously reported Maintenance Garage Fund. The effect of the change is a total increase of \$27,132 in the General Fund.

#### **Note 15.** Subsequent Events

On July 6, 2011, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Trust Program to purchase three trucks for the Road Fund. The principal amount of the lease agreement is \$364,929. The lease requires monthly interest payments due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month with an interest rate of 2.559%. The lease will mature on January 20, 2013.

On July 26, 2011, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Trust Program to purchase two trucks for the Solid Waste Fund. The principal amount of the lease agreement is \$277,796. The lease requires monthly interest payments due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month with an interest rate of 2.561%. The lease will mature on January 20, 2013.

On August 12, 2011, Pike County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Trust Program to purchase three trucks for the Road Fund. The principal amount of the lease agreement is \$364,929. The lease requires monthly interest payments due on the 20<sup>th</sup> of the month with an interest rate of 2.548%. The lease will mature on February 20, 2013.



# PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Cash Basis

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES         Taxes       \$ 4,385,680       \$ 4         In Lieu Tax Payments       33,659         Excess Fees       671,000         Licenses and Permits       242,500         Intergovernmental Revenue       1,222,251         Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	4,608,791 88,113 621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis) \$ 4,608,792 88,113 622,052 242,787 1,682,591 34,148	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)  \$ 1  300 (583)
REVENUES         S         4,385,680         \$         4           In Lieu Tax Payments         33,659         \$         \$           Excess Fees         671,000         \$         \$           Licenses and Permits         242,500         \$           Intergovernmental Revenue         1,222,251         \$           Charges for Services         23,700         \$           Miscellaneous         54,790         \$           Interest         4,000         \$	4,608,791 88,113 621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	(Budgetary Basis)  \$ 4,608,792 88,113 622,052 242,787 1,682,591	Positive (Negative)  \$ 1 300
REVENUES         S         4,385,680         \$         4           In Lieu Tax Payments         33,659         \$         \$           Excess Fees         671,000         \$         \$           Licenses and Permits         242,500         \$           Intergovernmental Revenue         1,222,251         \$           Charges for Services         23,700         \$           Miscellaneous         54,790         \$           Interest         4,000         \$	4,608,791 88,113 621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	Basis)  \$ 4,608,792  88,113  622,052  242,787  1,682,591	(Negative) \$ 1 300
REVENUES         Taxes       \$ 4,385,680       \$ 4         In Lieu Tax Payments       33,659         Excess Fees       671,000         Licenses and Permits       242,500         Intergovernmental Revenue       1,222,251         Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	4,608,791 8 88,113 621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	\$ 4,608,792 88,113 622,052 242,787 1,682,591	\$ 1 300
Taxes       \$ 4,385,680 \$         In Lieu Tax Payments       33,659         Excess Fees       671,000         Licenses and Permits       242,500         Intergovernmental Revenue       1,222,251         Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	88,113 621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	88,113 622,052 242,787 1,682,591	300
In Lieu Tax Payments       33,659         Excess Fees       671,000         Licenses and Permits       242,500         Intergovernmental Revenue       1,222,251         Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	88,113 621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	88,113 622,052 242,787 1,682,591	300
Excess Fees       671,000         Licenses and Permits       242,500         Intergovernmental Revenue       1,222,251         Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	621,752 243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	622,052 242,787 1,682,591	
Licenses and Permits       242,500         Intergovernmental Revenue       1,222,251         Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	243,370 1,766,651 33,367 107,180	242,787 1,682,591	
Intergovernmental Revenue1,222,251Charges for Services23,700Miscellaneous54,790Interest4,000	1,766,651 33,367 107,180	1,682,591	(583)
Charges for Services       23,700         Miscellaneous       54,790         Interest       4,000	33,367 107,180		(303)
Miscellaneous         54,790           Interest         4,000	107,180	34,148	(84,060)
Interest 4,000			781
	4.000	104,730	(2,450)
Total Revenues 6,637,580	4,000	3,613	(387)
	7,473,224	7,386,826	(86,398)
EXPENDITURES			
General Government 3,796,345	3,854,550	3,674,760	179,790
Protection to Persons and Property 662,390	917,584	857,988	59,596
General Health and Sanitation 4,000	410,268	268,857	141,411
Social Services 140,667	140,746	135,614	5,132
Roads 107,043	112,632	109,264	3,368
Administration 1,822,375	1,915,730	1,843,620	72,110
Total Expenditures 6,532,820	7,351,510	6,890,103	461,407
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
Over Expenditures Before Other 104,760	121,714	496,723	375,009
Financing Sources (Uses)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers To Other Funds (291,462)	(364,309)	(362,979)	1,330
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (291,462)	(364,309)	(362,979)	1,330
Net Changes in Fund Balances (186,702)	(242,595)	133,744	376,339
Fund Balances - Beginning 186,702	242,595	242,595	

0 \$

0 \$

376,339

376,339

Fund Balances - Ending

PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

	ROAD FUND					
			Actual	Variance with		
			Amounts,	Final Budget		
	Budgeted	Amounts	(Budgetary	Positive		
	Original	Final	Basis)	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
In Lieu Tax Payments	\$ 216	\$ 661	\$ 661	\$		
Intergovernmental Revenue	3,807,426	11,963,143	10,986,561	(976,582)		
Miscellaneous	614,419	810,904	811,272	368		
Interest		23	31	8		
Total Revenues	4,422,061	12,774,731	11,798,525	(976,206)		
EXPENDITURES						
Roads	6,631,310	15,202,173	13,795,432	1,406,741		
Debt Service		1,755,573	1,755,573			
Administration	1,567,994	1,599,383	1,525,957	73,426		
Total Expenditures	8,199,304	18,557,129	17,076,962	1,480,167		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures Before Other	(3,777,243)	(5,782,398)	(5,278,437)	503,961		
Financing Sources (Uses)						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Financing Obligations		1,750,000	1,747,750	(2,250)		
Transfers From Other Funds	3,103,995	3,339,398	2,934,021	(405,377)		
Transfers To Other Funds	(694,079)	(694,079)	(747,988)	(53,909)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,409,916	4,395,319	3,933,783	(461,536)		
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(1,367,327)	(1,387,079)	(1,344,654)	42,425		
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,367,327	1,440,989	1,440,989			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$ 53,910	\$ 96,335	\$ 42,425		

PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

	JAIL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)		Fin I	ance with al Budget Positive Jegative)		
DENZIA I IEC				_		_		
REVENUES	¢.	2 1 42 642	Ф	2.001.007	Ф	2.042.721	Ф	(29.260)
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$	2,143,642	\$	2,981,987	\$	2,943,721	\$	(38,266)
Charges for Services		231,200		268,367		251,432		(16,935)
Miscellaneous		15,000		19,627		14,959		(4,668)
Total Revenues	-	2,389,842		3,269,981		3,210,112		(59,869)
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		3,148,195		4,008,162		3,563,370		444,792
Debt Service		9,041		9,041		9,041		
Administration		1,041,580		1,045,822		1,004,239		41,583
Total Expenditures		4,198,816		5,063,025		4,576,650		486,375
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures Before Other		(1,808,974)		(1,793,044)		(1,366,538)		426,506
Financing Sources (Uses)								<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers From Other Funds		1,748,518		1,712,386		1,547,136		(165,250)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,748,518		1,712,386		1,547,136		(165,250)
								(,,
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(60,456)		(80,658)		180,598		261,256
Fund Balances - Beginning		60,456		80,658		80,658		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	0	\$	0	\$	261,256	\$	261,256

PIKE COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Required Supplementary Information - Cash Basis For The Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

	LOCAL GO	VE	RNMENT ECC	ONO	MIC ASSIST	ANC	CE FUND
	Budgeted	Am	ounts		Actual Amounts, Budgetary		riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final		Basis)	(	Negative)
REVENUES							
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 12,929,876	\$	15,661,148	\$	12,685,179	\$	(2,975,969)
Charges for Services	1,500		16,500		15,977		(523)
Miscellaneous	 5,000		123,952		123,952		
Total Revenues	 12,936,376		15,801,600		12,825,108		(2,976,492)
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	544,179		1,296,301		1,191,410		104,891
Protection to Persons and Property	801,992		1,498,558		945,488		553,070
General Health and Sanitation	2,041,680		1,859,910		965,962		893,948
Social Services	1,050,800		1,257,892		999,771		258,121
Recreation and Culture	2,316,562		2,780,710		1,392,821		1,387,889
Transportation Facilities and Services	2,610,602		100,799		100,799		1,007,009
Roads			30,050		30,050		
Airports	98,773		105,255		104,755		500
Other Transportation Facilities and Services	24,000		28,217		28,217		
Debt Service	560,489		526,024		526,019		5
Capital Projects	587,193		1,287,480		739,532		547,948
Administration	602,420		504,122		460,323		43,799
Total Expenditures	 8,628,088		11,275,318		7,485,147		3,790,171
•							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures Before Other	4,308,288		4,526,282		5,339,961		813,679
Financing Sources (Uses)							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers To Other Funds	(5,085,089)		(5,306,164)		(4,737,868)		568,296
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (5,085,089)		(5,306,164)		(4,737,868)		568,296
Total other I malients boulees (Oses)	 (3,003,009)		(5,500,104)		(7,737,000)		500,270
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(776,801)		(779,882)		602,093		1,381,975
Fund Balances - Beginning	776,801		779,882		779,882		
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	1,381,975	\$	1,381,975

### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### June 30, 2011

#### **Note 1.** Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

### Note 2. Reconciliation of Required Supplementary Information to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Following is a summary of adjustments that convert the cash basis budgetary schedules to the modified cash basis of accounting used in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:

#### **General Fund**

Total Revenue - Budgetary Basis To Adjust for 911 Board Activities To reclass Maintenance Garage Fund as part of General Fund	\$ 7,386,826 (496,044) 86,163
•	 
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 6,976,945
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis	\$ 6,890,103
To Adjust for 911 Board Activities	(481,228)
To reclass Maintenance Garage Fund	1 (20 (07
as part of General Fund	 1,630,687
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 8,039,562
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To reclass Maintenance Garage Fund	\$ (362,979)
as part of General Fund	 1,544,109
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 1,181,130
Total Beginning Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis	\$ 242,595
To Adjust for 911 Board Activities	66,625
To reclass Maintenance Garage Fund	
as part of General Fund	 27,132
Total Beginning Fund Balance-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 336,352
Total Ending Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis	\$ 376,339
To Adjust for 911 Board Activities	51,809
To reclass Maintenance Garage Fund	
as part of General Fund	 26,717
Total Ending Fund Balance-Modified Cash Basis	\$ 454,865

Note 2. Reconciliation of Required Supplementary Information to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Road Fund		
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To Record Purchase of Capital Asset With Debt Proceeds	\$	17,076,962 679,638
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$	17,756,600
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To Record Proceeds From Debt	\$	3,933,783 679,638
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis	\$	4,613,421
Jail Fund		
Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment	\$	4,576,650 (9,041)
Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis	\$	4,567,609
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment	\$	1,547,136 (9,041)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis	\$	1,538,095
Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		
Total Revenue - Budgetary Basis	\$	12,825,108
Current year payment on Golf Receivable		(18,783)
Current year payment on Golf Receivable  Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis	\$	(18,783) 12,806,325
• • •	\$	
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis  Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis  To Record Transfer of Debt Payment  To Reclass Airport Board Expenditures  To ReclassTransfer		12,806,325 7,485,147 (1,212,447) (108,396) 29
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis  Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis  To Record Transfer of Debt Payment  To Reclass Airport Board Expenditures  To Reclass Transfer  To Reclass Golf Corp. Expenditures	\$	12,806,325 7,485,147 (1,212,447) (108,396) 29 (23,629)
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis  Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To Reclass Airport Board Expenditures To Reclass Transfer To Reclass Golf Corp. Expenditures  Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment	\$	12,806,325 7,485,147 (1,212,447) (108,396) 29 (23,629) 6,140,704 (4,737,868) (1,212,447)
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis  Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To Reclass Airport Board Expenditures To Reclass Transfer To Reclass Golf Corp. Expenditures  Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To Reclass Transfer	\$ \$	12,806,325 7,485,147 (1,212,447) (108,396) 29 (23,629) 6,140,704 (4,737,868) (1,212,447) 29
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis  Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To Reclass Airport Board Expenditures To Reclass Transfer To Reclass Golf Corp. Expenditures  Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To ReclassTransfer  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis  Total Beginning Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis To Record Prior Year Airport Board Receivables	\$ \$ \$	12,806,325 7,485,147 (1,212,447) (108,396) 29 (23,629) 6,140,704 (4,737,868) (1,212,447) 29 (5,950,286) 779,882 9,659
Total Revenue-Modified Cash Basis  Total Expenditures-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To Reclass Airport Board Expenditures To Reclass Transfer To Reclass Golf Corp. Expenditures  Total Expenditures-Modified Cash Basis  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Budgetary Basis To Record Transfer of Debt Payment To Reclass Transfer  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis  Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)-Modified Cash Basis  Total Beginning Fund Balance-Budgetary Basis To Record Prior Year Airport Board Receivables To Record Prior Year Golf Corp. Receivables	\$ \$ \$	12,806,325 7,485,147 (1,212,447) (108,396) 29 (23,629) 6,140,704 (4,737,868) (1,212,447) 29 (5,950,286) 779,882 9,659 583,348

# PIKE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2011

# PIKE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

#### June 30, 2011

	Е	Local vernment conomic velopment Fund	orestry Fund	Total on-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	397,230	\$ 13,265	\$ 410,495
Total assets	\$	397,230	\$ 13,265	\$ 410,495
FUND BALANCES				
Assigned:				
Protection to Persons and Property	\$		\$ 13,265	\$ 13,265
Recreation and Culture		397,230		 397,230
Total Fund Balances	\$	397,230	\$ 13,265	\$ 410,495



#### PIKE COUNTY

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### PIKE COUNTY

## COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Local		
	Government		Total
	Economic		Non-Major
	Development	Forestry	Governmental
	<b>Fund</b>	Fund	Funds
REVENUES			
Taxes	\$	\$ 10,229	\$ 10,229
Miscellaneous	149,730	,	149,730
Interest	408		408
Total Revenues	150,138	10,229	160,367
EXPENDITURES			
Protection to Persons and Property		5,719	5,719
Other Transportation Facilities and Services			
Capital Projects	225,227		225,227
Administration			
Total Expenditures	225,227	5,719	230,946
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures Before Other			
Financing Sources (Uses)	(75,089)	4,510	(70,579)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(75,089)	4,510	(70,579)
Fund Balances - Beginning	472,319	8,755	481,074
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 397,230	\$ 13,265	\$ 410,495



## PIKE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - COMPONENT UNIT - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2011

#### PIKE COUNTY

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUND - COMPONENT UNIT - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2011

	Pike County Interlocal 911 Board		
Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	11,141	
Total Assets		11,141	
Fund Balance			
Unreserved		11,141	
Total Fund Balance	\$	11,141	

## Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental funds to the Statement of Net Assets

Total Fund Balance (Unreserved)	\$ 11,141
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In the Statement	
Of Net Assets Are Different Because	
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation,	
used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial	
Resources And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds	418,126
Net Assets of Pike County Interlocal 911 Board	\$ 429,267



## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND - COMPONENT UNIT - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUND - COMPONENT UNIT - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2011

	In	Pike County Interlocal 911 Board	
Revenues			
Charges For Services	\$	468,979	
Interest		187	
Total Revenues		469,166	
Expenditures			
Protection To Persons and Property		402,157	
Administration		77,765	
Total Expenditures		479,922	
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Transfers and			
Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,756)	
Net Change in Fund Balances Fund Balances-Beginning		(10,756) 21,897	
Fund Balances-Ending	\$	11,141	

#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net Change in Fund Balances-Total Governmental Fund	\$ (10,756)
Government funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities the cost of those assets are allocated over their useful lives	
and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital Outlay	7,395
Depreciation	(83,131)
Book Value of Disposed Assets	 (2,578)
Change in Net Assets of Pike County Interlocal 911 Board	\$ (89,070)



## PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

June 30, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Program Title	Pass-Through		
Grant Name (CFDA #)	Grantor's Number	Expenditures	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Natural Resources Conservation Service Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Program Emergency Watershed Protection Program (ARRA) (CFDA #10.904) Emergency Watershed Protection Program - Flood Plain Easements (ARRA) (CFDA #10.904)	68-5C16-10	\$ 4,132,081 25,220	*
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture		4,157,301	
U.S. Department of Commerce  Economic Development Administration  Passed-through Big Sandy ADD  Economic Adjustment Assistance  EDA Pike County Comprehensive Plan Project (ARRA)  (CFDA #11.307)  Passed-through East Kentucky Pride, Inc.  Congressionally Identified Awards and Projects	04-79-06083	12,960	
PRIDE Grant - Fall Roadside PRIDE Cleanup 2010	SC10-83	8,678	
(CFDA #11.469) PRIDE Grant - Spring PRIDE Cleanup 2011	SC10-83	0,070	
(CFDA #11.469)	SC11-83	12,500	
(CF DIT #11.107)	5011 03	12,500	
Total U. S. Department of Commerce		34,138	-
U.S. Department of Energy Energy Efficiency & Conservation Block Grant Landfill Methane Project (ARRA) (CFDA #81.128)	DE-SC0003011	282,800	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed-Through Commonwealth Department of Military Affairs: Public Assistance Grants May 2009 Flood			
(CFDA #97.036) Public Assistance Grants July 2010 Flood	FEMA-1841-DR-KY	519,217	*
(CFDA #97.036) Assistance to Firefighters Grant Program	FEMA-1925-DR-KY	3,215,514	*
FY 2010 Safety Training Trailer			
(CFDA #97.044)	EMW -2010 FR-00065	37,371	
Congressional Earmark			
South Williamson Floodwall Certification			
(CFDA #97.047)	PON2-095-1000001460-1	243,636	

#### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (CONTINUED) Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Program Title Grant Name (CFDA #) Grantor's Number Expenditures U.S. Department of Homeland Security (Continued) Passed-Through Commonwealth Department of Homeland Security: Homeland Security Grant Program Mobile Data Computers & Related Equipment - 2009 (CFDA #97.067) PO2-094-0800020901-1 7,686 Homeland Security Grant Program Mass Casualty Trailers W/Supplies (CFDA #97.067) PO2-094-1000002683-2 3,027 Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security 4,026,451 TOTAL CASH EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 8,500,690

<sup>\*</sup> Denotes Major Program Tested.

### PIKE COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 - The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Pike County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations.

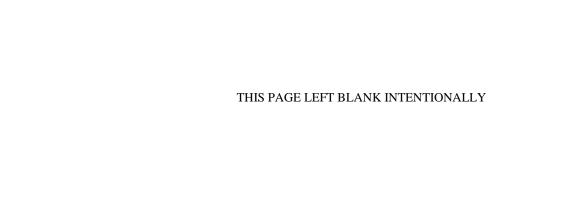
#### Note 2 - Determination of Major Program

The type A program for the fiscal court is any program for which total expenditures of federal awards exceeds \$300,000 for fiscal year 2011 or were deemed high risk. The Type A programs were:

- Department of Agriculture Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Program CFDA #10.904
- Department of Homeland Security Public Assistance Grants CFDA #97.036

#### Note 3 - Noncash Expenditures

There were no noncash expenditures of federal awards for fiscal year 2011.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



#### PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

**Certified Public Accountants** 2300 Hurstbourne Village Drive, Suite 500 Louisville, Kentucky 40299

Phone: (502) 493-1090 FAX: (502) 493-7231

The Honorable Wayne T. Rutherford, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pike County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated November 28, 2011, wherein we issued a qualified opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units. Pike County presents its financial statements on the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance over matters that are reported by those auditors.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Pike County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Pike County's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pike County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-01.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Peercy and Gray, PSC Certified Public Accountants

Peercy and Gray, PSC

November 28, 2011

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



#### PEERCY AND GRAY, PSC

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FAX: (502) 493-7231

The Honorable Wayne T. Rutherford, Pike County Judge/Executive Members of the Pike County Fiscal Court

Report on Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Pike County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. Pike County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Pike County Fiscal Court's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Pike County Fiscal Court's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 2011-02 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Pike County Fiscal Court did not comply with requirements regarding timesheet reimbursements that are applicable to the following major program:

• US Department of Homeland Security-Public Assistance Grant (CFDA 97.036)

Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Pike County Fiscal Court to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, Pike County Fiscal Court complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Report on Compliance With Requirements
That Could Have A Direct And Material Effect On Each Major Program
And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133
(Continued)

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Pike County Fiscal Court is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pike County Fiscal Court's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified a deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiency as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-02. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Peercy and Gray, PSC

Certified Public Accountants

Peercy and Gray, PSC

November 28, 2011

## PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The Auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pike County. The auditors' report also expresses a qualified opinion on the aggregate discretely presented component units of Pike County.
- 2. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Pike County was disclosed during the audit.
- 4. One significant deficiency relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs is reported in the Independent Auditors' Report.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Pike County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There is one audit finding relative to the major federal awards programs for Pike County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were: Department of Agriculture Watershed Protection and Flood Prevention Program CFDA #10.904; Department of Homeland Security Public Assistance Grants CFDA # 97.036.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Pike County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### 2011-01 Projects Greater Than \$20,000 Not Advertised For Bids As Required Per KRS 424,260

During our test of expenditures, we noted there were two projects greater than \$20,000 each that were not advertised for bids as required by KRS 424.260. These projects were included in a building constructed totaling \$482,094. Work was ordered by a Magistrate without prior Fiscal Court approval.

We recommend that all projects greater than \$20,000 should be advertised for bids as required by KRS 424.260. Fiscal Court should approve all bids before the work is ordered.

County Judge/Executive Wayne T. Rutherford's Response: No response.

#### PIKE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 (Continued)

#### C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

#### 2011-02 Work Hours Charged To Federal Grants Should Match Time Sheets

CFDA#: 97.036

Federal Program: Public Assistance

Federal Agency: US Dept of Homeland Security

Pass-Through Agency: KY Department of Military Affairs

Compliance Area: Allowed/Allowable Costs

Amount of Questioned Costs: \$126

During our test of federal awards, we noted one instance of hours reported on time sheets did not match hours charged to amounts on the FEMA Grant. The amounts tested produced an overcharge of \$25.89. Also, we noted one instance of hours reported on equipment time sheets did not match hours charged to amounts on the FEMA Grant. The amounts tested produced an overcharge of \$100.

We recommend that hours requested for reimbursement be reconciled to time sheets submitted by employees.

County Judge/Executive Wayne T. Rutherford's Response: No response.

#### D. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE -LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

#### PIKE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

#### PIKE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The Pike County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance and Economic Development Programs was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

Hayne & Rutherford
Wayne T. Rutherford
County Judge/Executive

Johnda B. Billiter

hnda Billiter County Treasurer